

WHY CHILDREN LIE AND HOW TO HELP

Children lie for various reasons. Lying is often a symptom of a deeper need—whether it’s fear, insecurity, or a lack of skills to navigate social situations. Let’s explore the facts about childhood lying and how we can **support honesty**.

Possible Reasons Why

Young children (ages 3–7) are still learning the difference between reality and fantasy, so their "lies" may just be imagination	Fear of punishment or disappointment can lead children to lie to protect themselves	Some children exaggerate or make up stories to gain approval or feel important	Kids learn by observing; if they see adults bending the truth, they may believe it's acceptable
Older children may experiment with lying to see how much they can get away with	Lying can be a way to cover up insecurities or avoid embarrassment	Some children lie to avoid conflict or to make others happy	Children may lie to shield someone from getting in trouble. This can stem from loyalty, fear of consequences, or a sense of responsibility to keep a secret

What To Do

Create a Safe Environment – Encourage open communication where mistakes are seen as learning opportunities, not punishable offenses	Praise Truth-Telling – Reinforce honesty with positive recognition “I really appreciate you telling the truth, even though it was hard.”	Understand the Reason – Instead of reacting with punishment, be curious about the lie in order to address the root cause	Model Honesty – Be a role model by speaking truthfully, even in difficult situations
Use Natural Consequences – Instead of strict punishments, let them experience the real-life outcomes of dishonesty	Teach Problem-Solving – Help kids find alternative ways to handle mistakes and difficult situations	Seek Help - When a child lies habitually to manipulate, harm or avoid consequences, it may indicate a lack of empathy	Seek Help - If lying is accompanied by aggression, stealing, or defiance, it may suggest underlying difficulties