

HANDSWORTH SECONDARY SCHOOL
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COURSE OUTLINE
SUBJECT: HISTORY 12

CURRICULUM ORGANIZERS AND GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES

Students will demonstrate an understanding of:

- The causes and consequences of the major conflicts of the twentieth century, including WWI, WWII, and the Cold War.
- The forces, events, and personalities that have shaped the twentieth century.

COURSE CONTENT:

HISTORY 12 is a comprehensive study of the major events of the twentieth century

RESOURCE MATERIALS:

- Global Forces of the 20th Century – Mitchner
- Twentieth Century History – Howarth
- The World This Century – De Marco

STUDENT LEARNING – ACTIVITIES AND STRATEGIES:

- individual and group seat work
- oral presentations
- mock debates
- poster projects
- written position responses

ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION:

The following assessment strategies will be used:

- norm reference evaluation
- criterion reference evaluation
- formative evaluation

MARKS ASSIGNMENT:

- 20% informal quizzes, journals, and in-class writing assignments
- 10% oral presentation and video
- 50% unit tests
- 20% research and take home essays
- Numbers are approximate and vary from year to year

POLICIES AND PROCEDURES:

- Students must submit all necessary assignments and tests in order to complete the course successfully.
- Students will be penalized for late assignments, unless previous arrangements with teachers have been made.

CRITERIA FOR YEAR-END TOP STUDENT/S PER GRADE

The Social Studies Department uses a combination of the following criteria to choose the top student/s in each course:

- percentage per term**
- participation in / contribution to the class**
- citizenship among peers in class**
- attendance in all classes**

All of the above criteria are considered important attributes, and top students will have to demonstrate a high degree of competency in each throughout the entire school year.

History 12 Content Using the New Prescribed Learning Outcomes

<u>CODE</u>	<u>PLO</u>	<u>CONTENT</u>
2B1	Significance of nationalism & imperialism in world of 1919	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Decline of empires at end of WWI • Failure of peacemakers to deal with nationalist aspirations (Middle East, India)
2B2	Key issues in the peacemaking process at end of WW1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Expectations established by Wilson's 14 Points • Conflicting aims of peacemakers • Non-involvement of defeated nations • Terms of the treaties & their rationales
2C1	Social, economic, political effects of WW1 on post-war world	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Changed status of women in western countries • War debts • Emergence of U.S. as financial centre • Founding of the League & hopes for collective security (including membership problems) • Post-war unrest in Germany (reasons for establishment of government at Weimar, reparations, inflation and the Ruhr Crisis) • Attempts to maintain peace in Europe including the Dawes Plan and Locarno Pacts
3D4	Relationship between colonial rule & nationalism in Middle East & Indian subcontinent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mandates in Middle East & denial of self-determination • Increased Jewish immigration to Palestine • Amritsar, Gandhi's campaign of non-violent resistance, Nehru, Congress Party, Jinnah, Muslim League
3E1	Effects of mass production on U.S. in 1920s	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prosperity & consumerism • Importance of the automobile industry to the U.S. economy
3E2	Factors leading to the Great Depression	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Overproduction in U.S. • Decline in agricultural prices • Installment buying • Stock market crash • Tariffs • European dependency on U.S. loans and investment • Immigration restrictions
4F1	Effects of the Great Depression on the industrialized world	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FDR's New Deal programs • Japanese militarism & expansionism (invasion of Manchuria and China and establishment of Greater East Asia Co-Prosperty Sphere) • German re-armament and nationalism (Rhineland, Anschluss)
4F2	Nature of democratic & totalitarian states & their impact on individuals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stalin's purges • Gulags & forced labor • Enabling Act • Night of the Long Knives • Nuremberg Laws & Kristallnacht

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use of propaganda • Secret police • Increase in social programs in democracies
4G1	Causes of the outbreak of WWII in Europe & Pacific	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Failure of collective security • Invasion of Ethiopia • Spanish Civil War • Collapse of Stresa Front • Appeasement (including Anglo-German Naval Agreement & Munich) • German occupation of Bohemia and Moravia • Nazi-Soviet Pact • German invasion of Poland • Embargo on oil sales to Japan
4G2	Key military events in WWII <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Battle of Britain • Attack on Pearl Harbor • Battle of Midway • Battle of Stalingrad • Normandy landings • Bombing of Hiroshima 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Blitzkrieg • Barbarossa • Second front question • North African campaign and protection of the Suez Canal
4G3	How WW2 resulted in realignment of world power	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Defeat of Germany, Japan, Italy • Britain & France economically devastated • Economic superiority of U.S. • Military power of U.S. & U.S.S.R.
4H1	Impact of total war	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Changed roles for women • Role of industrial strength • Civilian involvement & casualties • Command economies
4H2	Significance of technology developed prior to & during WW2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use of radar in Battle of Britain • Use of sonar in Battle of Atlantic • Allied use of decoding machines • Impact of aircraft carriers in Pacific war • Development of rockets leading to space exploration
4H3	Impact of mass communications on political & military events prior to & during WW2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FDR's fireside chats • Nazi rallies • Goebbel's propaganda • Churchill's morale-boosting speeches
4H4	Historical significance of Holocaust	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Genocide & the "final solution" • Collaboration • Nuremberg Trials & crimes vs. humanity • Establishment of state of Israel
5I1	Causes of Cold War & forms of superpower competition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Soviet imposition of communist governments in E. Europe • Atomic secrets & spy rings • Iron curtain speech • Arms race • Space race • Client state wars • Espionage • Propaganda

5I2	<p>Critical developments in Cold War including</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Division of Germany • Policy of containment • Korean War • Cuban Missile Crisis 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Currency issue in Germany • Berlin Blockade/airlift • Establishment of 2 German states • Truman Doctrine • Marshall Plan • NATO • Post-war division of Korea • UN use of military • SEATO • Castro's overthrow of Batista • Bay of Pigs • Quarantine • Resolution of Missile Crisis & its effects on US-USSR relations
5I3	Impact of events in China & Middle East on Cold War after 1945	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mao's victory & U.S. reaction • Sino-Soviet conflict • British & French actions in Suez Crisis • Super power intervention in M.E.
6L2	Factors contributing to the end of the Cold War	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Period of détente after Cuba • Arms limitation agreements (including test ban treaty, non-proliferation, SALT I & II) • Helsinki Accords
6L3	Reasons for the decline of communism in former USSR & Eastern Europe	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Demands for political freedom in Soviet bloc – eg. Prague Spring & Solidarity • Failure of Gorbachev's attempts at economic reform • Attempted coup in USSR
6L4	Impact of nationalism on events of late 20 th century	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Desire of Germans for reunification & collapse of Berlin Wall • Breakup of the USSR and Yugoslavia
6M1	Influence of public opinion, including direct action by individuals or groups, on national policy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Civil rights movement and civil rights bill of 1964 • Vietnam protests & U.S. pullout • Protest in Eastern Europe from Solidarity to collapse of communism • Tiananmen Square
6M2	Influence of women on political & economic affairs in late 20 th century	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Growing involvement of women in governments • Increased presence of women in managerial positions (primarily in western industrialized countries)
6N1	Impact of economic change in China	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Effects of the Cultural Revolution • Deng's policies and economic zones
6N2	Ways in which competition for resources affects relations between nations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OPEC embargo • Gulf War
6N3	Effects of computer technology on society	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internet access as part of the growing disparity between rich and poor